Problem 7. Let $f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$ with properties : (i) f(x+y) = f(x) f(y)(ii) f(x-y) f(y) = f(x). Then show that the function indeed is given by: $f(x) = ce^{\alpha x}$ where both c, α are some real constants with c-non-zero and $\alpha = \lim_{h \to 0} \left(\frac{f(h)-1}{h}\right)$